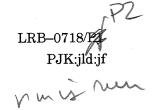


# State of Misconsin



## PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

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AN ACT to repeal 854.03 (3), 854.03 (4), 854.03 (7), 854.06 (1) (b), 854.14 (1) and 861.04 (2); to renumber 701.115 (1), 766.62 (5) and 861.04 (1); to renumber and amend 705.04 (2), 852.01 (1) (a) 2., 854.01, 854.06 (4) (a), 854.15 (1) (e), 854.20 (1), 854.20 (4) and 861.01 (3); to amend 700.11 (1), 701.115 (2), 701.115 (3), 702.03 (1), 705.27, 766.61 (7), 767.266 (1) (b), 851.31, 851.50, 852.01 (1) (b), 853.03 (2) (intro.), 853.03 (2) (a), 853.03 (2) (b), 853.03 (2) (c), 853.11 (6) (c), 853.11 (6) (d), 853.32 (2) (a), 854.03 (2) (b), 854.03 (6), 854.04 (1) (a), 854.04 (5) (intro.), 854.06 (4) (b), 854.07 (3), 854.17, 854.18 (1) (a) (intro.), 854.18 (3), 854.20 (2) (intro.), 854.20 (2) (b), 854.20 (3), 854.20 (5), 856.05 (5), 856.15 (1), 856.17, subchapter II (title) of chapter 861 [precedes 861.018], 861.02 (title), 861.02 (4), 861.02 (6), 861.02 (7) (b), 861.02 (8), 861.05 (2) (title), 861.06 (title), 861.06 (2) (title), 861.07 (2) (intro.), 861.10 (1), 861.10 (2), 861.11 (2) (a) (intro.), 861.35 (1m) (a), 861.35 (1m) (b), 861.35 (1m) (c) and 865.07 (1) (d); to repeal and recreate 853.04 (3) and 856.16; and to create 40.18, 701.115 (1) (a),

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1 705.04 (2) (b), 705.04 (2) (d), 766.61 (7m), 766.62 (5) (bm), 852.01 (1) (a) 2. b., 854.03 (5) (g), 854.03 (5) (h), 854.03 (5) (i), 854.04 (7), 854.06 (4) (am), 854.13 (2) (gm), 861.01 (4), 861.05 (1) (e), 861.05 (2m) and 861.35 (1r) of the statutes; 4 relating to: miscellaneous modifications to the probate code.

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a later version.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 40.18 of the statutes is created to read:

- 40.18 Applicability of other statutes. (1) Marital property rights. Chapter 766 applies to ownership rights of a spouse in benefits provided under this chapter.
- (2) Transfers at death. Chapter 854 applies to transfers at death under this chapter.
  - **SECTION 2.** 700.11 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 700.11 (1) If a statute or governing instrument, as defined in s. 854.01 (1), specifies that property is to be distributed to, or a future interest is to be created in, a designated individual's "heirs"," "heirs at law"," "next of kin"," "relatives," or "family," or a term that has a similar meaning, or if a class gift in favor of "descendants"," "issue," or "heirs of the body" does not specify the manner in which the property is to be distributed among the class members, the property is distributed according to s. 854.22.
  - **SECTION 3.** 701.115 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 701.115 (1) (b).
  - **SECTION 4.** 701.115 (1) (a) of the statutes is created to read:

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701.115 (1) (a) In this par. (b), "revocable trust" means a trust that the grantor, at the time of death, was alone empowered to change or revoke, by law or under the instrument creating the trust, regardless of whether the grantor then had the capacity to exercise the power.

\*\*\*\*Note: I changed "governing instrument" in the proposed language to "instrument creating the trust." I also changed "decedent" to "grantor," since that is the term used in newly renumbered s. 701.115 (1) (b). Is this okay?

- **SECTION 5.** 701.115 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 6 701.115 (2) Survivorship under sub. (1) (b) is governed by s. 854.03.
- **SECTION 6.** 701.115 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 8 701.115 (3) The rights of the issue of a predeceasing beneficiary under sub. (1)
- 9 <u>(b)</u> are governed by s. 854.06.
  - SECTION 7. 702.03 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
  - 702.03 (1) Unless a contrary intention is found, if a governing instrument, as defined in s. 854.01 (1), creating a power of appointment expressly requires that the power be exercised by any type of reference to the power or its source, it is presumed that the donor's intention in requiring the reference was to prevent an inadvertent exercise of the power. Extrinsic evidence may be used to show contrary intent.
    - **SECTION 8.** 705.04 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 705.04 (2) (intro.) and amended to read:
    - 705.04 (2) (intro.) If the account is a P.O.D. account, on the death of the original payee or the survivor of 2 or more original payees, any sums remaining on deposit belong to the P.O.D. beneficiaries if surviving, or to the survivor of them if one or more die before the original payee. Payment may be made to a minor P.O.D. beneficiary, however, only in accordance with a procedure approved in ch. 880. all of the following apply:

(a) If there are 2 or more P.O.D. beneficiaries and they all survive, they shall
be are entitled to payment of the sums on deposit in accordance with such any written
instructions as may have been that the owner filed with the financial institution, and
or, if none, to payment in equal shares. There
(c) If 2 or more beneficiaries succeed to ownership of the account, there is no
further right of survivorship in the event of the death of one of 2 or more P.O.D.
beneficiaries after their entitlement to payment has matured unless the terms of the
account expressly provide for survivorship or for the account's continuance as a joint
account.
SECTION 9. 705.04 (2) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
705.04 (2) (b) If one or more P.O.D. beneficiaries has predeceased the original
payee or the survivor of 2 or more original payees, the rights of the beneficiaries are
determined by any written instructions that the owner filed with the financial
institution or, if none, by s. 854.06.
SECTION 10. 705.04 (2) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
705.04 (2) (d) Payment may be made to a minor P.O.D. beneficiary only in
accordance with a procedure approved in ch. 880.
SECTION 11. 705.27 of the statutes is amended to read:
705.27 Ownership on death of owner. On death of a sole owner or the last
to die of multiple owners, ownership of securities registered in beneficiary form
passes to the beneficiary or beneficiaries who survive all owners and to any
predeceased beneficiary's issue who would take under s. 854.06(3). On proof of death

of all owners and compliance with any applicable requirements of the registering

entity, a security registered in beneficiary form may be reregistered in the name of

the beneficiary or beneficiaries who survive the death of all owners successors to the

ownership interest. Until division of the security after the death of all owners, multiple beneficiaries surviving the death of all owners successors to the ownership interest hold their interests as tenants in common. If no beneficiary or predeceased beneficiary's issue who would take under s. 854.06 (3) survives the death of all owners, the security belongs to the estate of the deceased sole owner or the estate of the last to die of multiple owners.

**SECTION 12.** 766.61 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

766.61 (7) If a noninsured spouse predeceases an insured spouse, the marital property interest of the decedent spouse in a policy which designates the surviving spouse as the owner and insured is limited to a dollar amount equal to one—half of the marital property interest in the interpolated terminal reserve and in the unused portion of the term premium of the policy on the date of death of the deceased spouse. All other rights of the decedent spouse in the ownership interest or proceeds of the policy, other than the marital property interest described in this subsection, terminate at the decedent spouse's death. This subsection does not apply if the surviving spouse unlawfully and intentionally killed the decedent spouse, as determined under s. 854.14 (5).

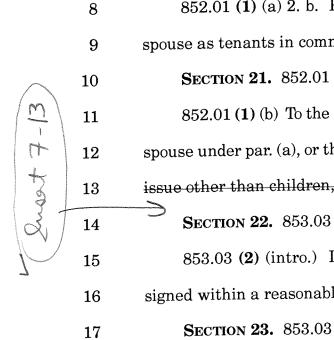
\*\*\*\*Note: As I discussed with Howard Erlanger, the added sentence seems to beg the question of what *does* apply if this subsection does not. Is it self—evident what does apply, or should that be added also?

SECTION 13. 766.61 (7m) of the statutes is created to read:

766.61 (7m) If a noninsured spouse unlawfully and intentionally kills an insured spouse, as determined under s. 854.14 (5), the marital property interest of the surviving spouse in a policy which designates the decedent spouse as the owner and insured is limited to a dollar amount equal to one—half of the marital property interest in the interpolated terminal reserve and in the unused portion of the term

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······································	premium of the policy on the date of death of the deceased spouse. All other rights
2	of the surviving spouse in the ownership interest or proceeds of the policy, other than
3	the marital property interest described in this subsection, terminate at the decedent
4	spouse's death.
	****Note: I changed this language somewhat from the proposed language to make it more parallel with sub. (7). Notice especially the use of marital property interest, ownership interest, and interest in the proceeds. Is this okay?
5	<b>SECTION 14.</b> 766.62 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 766.62 (5) (am).
6	SECTION 15. 766.62 (5) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:
7	766.62 (5) (bm) Paragraph (am) does not apply if the surviving spouse
8	unlawfully and intentionally killed the decedent spouse, as determined under s.
9	854.14 (5).
	****NOTE: Same NOTE as after s. 766.61 (7). What does apply if par. (am) does not?
10	SECTION 16. 767.266 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	767.266 (1) (b) That one or both spouses will make a particular disposition in
12	a will or other governing instrument, as defined in s. 854.01 (1).
13	SECTION 17. 851.31 of the statutes is amended to read:
14	851.31 Will. "Will" includes a codicil and any document incorporated by
15	reference in a testamentary document under s. 853.32 (1) or (2). "Will" does not
16	include a copy, unless the copy has been proven as a will under s. 856.17, but "will"
17	does include a properly executed duplicate original.
18	SECTION 18. 851.50 of the statutes is amended to read:
19	851.50 Status of adopted persons. The status of adopted persons for
	purposes of inheritance and transfers under wills or other governing instruments
20	purposes of inheritance and transfers under wills of other governing instruments

as defined in s. 854.01 (1), is governed by ss. 854.20 and 854.21.



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<b>Section 19.</b> 852.01 (1) (a) 2. of the statutes is renumbered 852.01 (1) (a) 2.
(intro.) and amended to read:
852.01 (1) (a) 2. (intro.) If there are surviving issue one or more of whom are
not issue of the surviving spouse, one–half of decedent's property other than marital
the following property:
a. Marital property.
SECTION 20. 852.01 (1) (a) 2. b. of the statutes is created to read:
852.01 (1) (a) 2. b. Property held equally and exclusively with the surviving
spouse as tenants in common.
SECTION 21. 852.01 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
852.01 (1) (b) To the issue, per stirpes, the share of the estate not passing to the
spouse under par. (a), or the entire estate if there is no surviving spouse. If there are
issue other than children, those of more remote degrees take per stirpes.
SECTION 22. 853.03 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
853.03 (2) (intro.) It must be signed by 2 or more witnesses, each of whom
signed within a reasonable time after witnessing any of the following:
SECTION 23. 853.03 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
853.03 (2) (a) The signing of the will as provided under sub. (1), in the conscious
presence of the witness.
<b>SECTION 24.</b> 853.03 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
853.03 (2) (b) The testator's implicit or explicit acknowledgement of the
testator's signature on the will, within in the conscious presence of each of the

Section 25. 853.03 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

853.03 (2) (c) The testator's implicit or explicit acknowledgement of the will,
within in the conscious presence of each of the witnesses witness.
SECTION 26. 853.04 (3) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
853.04 (3) Effect of Affidavit. The effect of an affidavit in substantially the
form under sub. (1) or (2) is as provided in s. 856.16.
SECTION 27. 853.11 (6) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
853.11 (6) (c) If a subsequent will that wholly or partly revoked a previous will
is itself revoked by another, later will, the previous will or its revoked part remains
revoked, unless it or its revoked part is revived. The previous will or its revoked part
is revived to the extent that it appears from the terms of the later will, or from the
testator's contemporary or subsequent declarations, that the testator intended the
previous will or its revoked part to take effect.
****NOTE: This amendment, although not requested, seemed like a good idea.
SECTION 28. 853.11 (6) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
SECTION 28. 853.11 (6) (d) of the statutes is different as a second section 28. 853.11 (6) (d) In the absence of an original valid will, establishment of the
execution and validity of the revived will or part is governed by may be established
as provided in s. 856.17.
SECTION 29. 853.32 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
853.32 (2) (a) A reference in a will executed on or after May 3, 1996, to another
document that lists tangible personal property not otherwise specifically disposed of
in the will disposes of that property if the other document describes the property and
the distributees with reasonable certainty and is signed and dated by the decedent.
A document that is not dated but that fulfills all of the other requirements under this

paragraph may be enforced in the discretion of the court.

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1	SECTION 30. 854.01 of the statutes is renumbered 854.01 (intro.) and amended
2	to read:
3	854.01 (intro.) <b>Definition</b> <u>Definitions</u> . In this chapter, "governing:
4	(1) "Governing instrument" means a will; a deed; a trust instrument; an
5	insurance or annuity policy; a contract; a pension, profit-sharing, retirement, or
6	similar benefit plan; a marital property agreement under s. 766.58 (3) (f); a
7	beneficiary designation under s. 40.02 (8) (a); an instrument under ch. 705; an
8	instrument that creates or exercises a power of appointment; or any other
9	dispositive, appointive, or nominative instrument that transfers property at death.
10	SECTION 31. 854.03 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	854.03 (2) (b) Except as provided in sub. (5), if property is transferred under
12	a governing instrument that establishes 2 or more coowners with right of
13	survivorship, and if it is not established that at least one of the coowners survived
14	the others by at least 120 hours, the property is transferred to the coowners in
15	proportion to their ownership interests.
16	SECTION 32. 854.03 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
17	SECTION 33. 854.03 (4) of the statutes is repealed.
18	SECTION 34. 854.03 (5) (g) of the statutes is created to read:
19	854.03 (5) (g) The governing instrument states that this statute, or one similar
20	to it, does not apply.
21	SECTION 35. 854.03 (5) (h) of the statutes is created to read:
22	854.03 (5) (h) Transfers under the governing instrument are controlled by a
23	provision regarding survivorship that is included a will or trust executed by the
24	transferor and that is intended to apply to transfers under other governing
25	instruments also.

1	SECTION 36. 854.03 (5) (i) of the statutes is created to read:
2	854.03 (5) (i) The court finds a contrary intent on the part of the person who
3	executed the governing instrument. Extrinsic evidence may be used to construe that
4	intent.
5	SECTION 37. 854.03 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	854.03 (6) EVIDENTIARY STANDARD. Unless the statute or governing instrument
7	provides otherwise, proof that an individual survived the period required under
8	subs. (1) to (4) this section must be by clear and convincing evidence.
9	SECTION 38. 854.03 (7) of the statutes is repealed.
10	SECTION 39. 854.04 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	854.04 (1) (a) Except as provided in subs. (5) and (6), if a statute or a governing
12	instrument calls for property to be distributed to the issue or descendants of a
13	designated person "by representation"," "by right of representation," or "per
14	stirpes"," the property is divided into equal shares for the designated person's
15	surviving children of the designated person and for the designated person's deceased
16	children who left surviving issue. Each surviving child and each deceased child who
17	left surviving issue are allocated one share.
18	<b>SECTION 40.</b> 854.04 (5) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	854.04 (5) CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS DISREGARDED. (intro.) For the purposes of this
20	section subs. (1) to (3), all of the following apply:
21	SECTION 41. 854.04 (7) of the statutes is created to read:
22	854.04 (7) Specific words not necessary. For the application of subs. (1) to (3)
23	to a statute or governing instrument, it is not necessary that the specific words
24	"issue," "descendants," or "issue or descendants" be used in the statute or governing
25	instrument.

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\*\*\*\*Note: This provision is not necessary. "Issue" is defined in s. 851.13 for chs. 851 to 882, which means that whenever the word "issue" is used in any of those chapters, it means what the definition says it means. Additionally, whenever the statutes require that a *specific* word be used, the word appears in quotes, as is the case in s. 854.04 with respect to "by representation," "per stirpes," etc. The lack of quotation marks around "issue" and "descendants" should be sufficient to indicate that the *meaning* of those words is intended in the context, not that those specific words must be used. I recommend that this subsection be taken out of the draft.

SECTION 42. 854.06 (1) (b) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 43.** 854.06 (4) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 854.06 (4) (intro.) and amended to read:

854.06 (4) CONTRARY INTENT. (intro.) This section Subsection (3) does not apply if there any of the following applies:

(c) There is a finding of contrary intent of the decedent. Extrinsic evidence may be used to construe that intent.

SECTION 44. 854.06 (4) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

854.06 (4) (am) The governing instrument provides that a transfer to any predeceased named beneficiary lapses.

**SECTION 45.** 854.06 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

854.06 (4) (b) If the <u>The</u> governing instrument designates one or more persons, classes, or groups of people as contingent transferees, <u>in which case</u> those transferees take in preference to those under sub. (3). But <u>Unless par. (c) applies</u>, if none of the contingent transferees survives, sub. (3) applies to the first group in the sequence of contingent transferees that has one or more transferees specified in sub. (2) who left surviving issue.

**SECTION 46.** 854.07 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

854.07 (3) If a governing instrument other than a will does not effectively dispose of an asset that is governed by the instrument, that asset shall be paid or distributed to the decedent's <u>transferor's</u> probate estate.

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**SECTION 47.** 854.13 (2) (gm) of the statutes is created to read:

854.13 (2) (gm) Disclaimer by trustee. The trustee of a trust named as a recipient of property under a governing instrument may disclaim that property on behalf of the trust if the governing instrument authorizes disclaimer by the trustee. If the governing instrument does not authorize disclaimer by the trustee, the trustee's power to disclaim is subject to the approval of the court.

SECTION 48. 854.14 (1) of the statutes is repealed.

**Section 49.** 854.15 (1) (e) of the statutes is renumbered 854.01 (2) and amended to read:

854.01 (2) "Revocable"," with respect to a disposition, provision, or nomination, means one under which the decedent, at the time of the divorce, annulment or similar event referred to, was alone empowered, by law or under the governing instrument, to change, revoke, or cancel the designation in favor of the former spouse or former spouse's relative, regardless of whether or not the decedent was then empowered to designate himself or herself in place of the former spouse or the former spouse's relative designee, and regardless of whether or not the decedent then had the capacity to exercise the power.

**Section 50.** 854.17 of the statutes is amended to read:

854.17 Classification of property; how determined. In chs. 851 to 882, classification Classification of the property of a decedent spouse and surviving spouse is determined under ch. 766.

SECTION 51. 854.18 (1) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

854.18 (1) (a) (intro.) Except as provided in sub. (3) or in connection with the share of the surviving spouse who elects to take an elective share in deferred marital property deferred marital property elective share amount of a surviving spouse who

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1	elects under s. 861.02, a the share of a surviving spouse who takes under s. 853.11
(2)	(2) or a the share of a surviving child who takes under s. 853.25, shares of
3	distributees abate, without any preference or priority as between real and personal
4	property, in the following order:
5	SECTION 52. 854.18 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	854.18 (3) If the governing instrument expresses an order of abatement, or if
(7)	the decedent's transferor's estate plan or the express or implied purpose of the
(8)	transfer would be defeated by the order of abatement under sub. (1), the shares of
9	the distributees abate as necessary to give effect to the intention of the transferor.
10	SECTION 53. 854.20 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 854.20 (1) (a) and
11	amended to read:
12	854.20 (1) (a) Subject to par. (b) and sub. (4) (5), a legally adopted person is
13	treated as a birth child of the person's adoptive parents for purposes of intestate
14	succession by, through and from the adopted person and for purposes of any statute
15	conferring rights upon children, issue or relatives in connection with the law of
16	intestate succession or governing instruments.
17	SECTION 54. 854.20 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	854.20 (2) Inheritance rights between adopted person and birth relatives.
19	(intro.) Subject to sub. (4) (5), a legally adopted person ceases to be treated as a child
20	of the person's birth parents for the same purposes as under sub. (1) (a), except:
21	SECTION 55. 854.20 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	854.20 (2) (b) If a birth parent of a marital child dies and the other birth parent
23	subsequently remarries and the child is adopted by the stepparent, the child is
24	treated as the child of the deceased birth parent for purposes of inheritance through

that parent and for purposes of any statute conferring rights upon children, issue,

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1	or relatives of that parent under the law of intestate succession or governing
2	instruments.
	****NOTE: A second "subsequently" is not needed before "adopted" because, unless the adoption occurred after the remarriage, the adoption would not be by the <i>stepparent</i> .
3	SECTION 56. 854.20 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	854.20 (3) SEQUENTIAL ADOPTION. Subject to sub. (4) (5), if an adoptive parent
5	dies or his or her parental rights are terminated in a legal proceeding and the
6	adopted child is subsequently adopted by another person, the former adoptive parent
7	is considered to be a birth parent for purposes of this section.
8	<b>SECTION 57.</b> 854.20 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 854.20 (1) (b), and 854.20
9	(1) (b) (intro.), as renumbered, is amended to read:
10	854.20 (1) (b) Applicability. (intro.) Subsections (1), (2) and (3) apply
11	Paragraph (a) applies only if at least one of the following applies:
12	SECTION 58. 854.20 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	854.20 (5) CONTRARY INTENT. This section does not apply if the to a transfer is
14	made under a governing instrument and if there is a finding of contrary intent of the
15	person who executed the instrument. Extrinsic evidence may be used to construe
16	that intent.
	****Note: As Howard Erlanger and I discussed s. 854.20, Howard came to the conclusion that sub. (5) was intended to apply to all subsections, but that former sub. (4) was originally intended to apply only to sub. (1). Therefore, I made former sub. (4) a paragraph in sub. (1).
17	SECTION 59. 856.05 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	856.05 (5) Applicability of section. This section applies to wills, codicils as
19	defined in s. 851.31, documents incorporated by reference under s. 853.32 (1) or (2),

 $$^{****}\rm{Note}:$$  Section 856.17 applies to more than "lost" wills. Is the second amendment in this subsection okay?

and information needed for proof of a lost or otherwise missing will under s. 856.17.

1	SECTION 60. 856.15 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	856.15 (1) GENERALLY. The court may grant probate of an uncontested will on
3	the execution in open court by one of the subscribing witnesses of a sworn statement
4	that the will was executed as required by the statutes and that the testator was of
5	sound mind, of full age, and not acting under any restraint at the time of the
6	execution thereof. If an uncontested will contains an attestation clause showing
7	compliance with the requirements for execution under s. 853.03 or 853.05 or includes
8	an affidavit in substantially the form under s. 853.04 (1) or (2), the court may grant
9	probate without any testimony or other evidence.
10	SECTION 61. 856.16 of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
11	856.16 Self-proved will. (1) Unless there is proof of fraud or forgery in
12	connection with the affidavit, if a will includes an affidavit in substantially the form
13	under s. 853.04 (1) or (2), all of the following apply:
14	(a) The will is conclusively presumed to have been executed in compliance with
15	s. 853.03.
16	(b) Other requirements related to the valid execution of the will are rebuttably
17	presumed.
18	(2) A signature affixed to a self-proving affidavit under s. 853.04 that is
19	attached to a will is considered a signature affixed to the will, if necessary to prove
20	the due execution of the will.
21	(3) Admission of a will under s. 856.13 or 856.15 is not dependent on the
22	existence of a valid affidavit under s. 853.04.
23	SECTION 62. 856.17 of the statutes is amended to read:
24	856.17 Lost Missing will, how proved. If any will is lost, destroyed by
25	accident or, destroyed without the testator's consent, or otherwise missing, the court

has power to take proof of the execution and validity of the will and to establish the
same. The petition for the probate of the will shall set forth the provisions thereof.
****Note: This section applies to a missing will whether it is revived or not. There is no need to mention that it applies to a missing will that is revived, because the relevant characteristic is that it is missing, not that it is revived.
SECTION 63. Subchapter II (title) of chapter 861 [precedes 861.018] of the
statutes is amended to read:
CHAPTER 861
SUBCHAPTER II
ELECTIVE SHARE IN
DEFERRED MARITAL PROPERTY
ELECTIVE SHARE AMOUNT
SECTION 64. 861.01 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 766.31 (7m) and amended
to read:
766.31 (7m) Personal injury damages; Lost earnings. To the extent that
marital property includes damages for loss of future income arising from a personal
injury claim of the a surviving spouse, the surviving spouse is entitled to receive as
individual property that portion of the award that represents an income substitute
after the death of the other spouse.
****Note: Although Howard Erlanger and I discussed making this provision s. 766.31 (7) (g), it does not fit there because it does not complete a sentence beginning with s. 766.31 (7) (intro.). Although the language conceivably could be changed to fit, it seemed reasonable to treat it in this way, especially since s. 766.31 (7) also addresses individual property. Arguably, this provision is not even needed, since s. 766.31 (7) (f) implies that only personal injury damage amounts that are attributable to loss of income during marriage are marital property.
<b>SECTION 65.</b> 861.01 (4) of the statutes is created to read:
861.01 (4) Surviving spouse's marital property rights in nonprobate assets.
Enforcement of a surviving spouse's marital property rights in nonprobate assets is
governed by s. 766.70 (6).

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1	<b>SECTION 66.</b> 861.02 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	861.02 (title) Deferred marital property elective share amount.
3	<b>SECTION 67.</b> 861.02 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	861.02 (4) Satisfaction of the augmented deferred marital
5	property elective share amount is governed by ss. 861.06, 861.07, and 861.11.
6	<b>SECTION 68.</b> 861.02 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	861.02 (6) Waiver. Waiver of the deferred marital property elective share
8	amount is governed by s. 861.10.
9	<b>SECTION 69.</b> 861.02 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	861.02 (7) (b) If a decedent who is not domiciled in this state owns real property
11	in this state, the right of the surviving spouse to take an elective share in that
12	property is governed by s. 861.20.
	****Note: Changing "elective share" to "elective share amount" does not work very well in this provision. How would you suggest amending it? Is it okay as it is?

**SECTION 70.** 861.02 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

861.02 (8) Special provision if surviving spouse caused death of decedent. If the surviving spouse unlawfully and intentionally kills the decedent, as determined under s. 854.14 (5), the estate of the decedent shall have the right to elect no more than 50% of the augmented deferred marital property estate as determined under sub. (2), as though the surviving spouse were the decedent and the decedent were the surviving spouse. The court shall construe the provisions of ss. 861.03 to 861.11 as necessary to achieve the intent of this paragraph.

\*\*\*\*Note: I discussed this provision with Howard Erlanger, and he suggested the change I made. The provision still strikes me as strange, however, because it does not seem to have any effect that would penalize the spouse who killed the other spouse. If the estate may elect no more than 50% of the augmented deferred marital property estate, that seems to leave at least 50% of the augmented deferred marital property estate for the surviving spouse, which is what the surviving spouse is entitled to under s. 861.02 (1), anyway, whether or not the surviving spouse killed the decedent spouse. Is the

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penalty that the estate of the decedent spouse "goes first" and the surviving spouse takes what is left? (My concern with this provision is that it is drafted correctly.)

- SECTION 71. 861.04 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 861.04.
- 2 Section 72. 861.04 (2) of the statutes is repealed.
- 3 Section 73. 861.05 (1) (e) of the statutes is created to read:
  - 861.05 (1) (e) The deferred marital property component of any deferred employment benefit plan held by the surviving spouse that would have terminated under s. 766.62 (5) had it been marital property and had the surviving spouse been the decedent.
    - \*\*\*\*NOTE: I did not use the phrase "subject to the terminable interest rule under s. 766.62 (5)" in this paragraph. Is the language okay? Don't you also need to specify that the surviving spouse is treated as the nonemployee spouse under s. 766.62 (5)? It gets very confusing when one party is treated as if he or she were the other party. Is that treatment under the statute we are dealing with (861.05 (1)) or under the statute referred to (766.62 (5))? Isn't it possible to state s. 861.05 (1) (e) more directly?
- 8 Section 74. 861.05 (2) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 9 861.05 (2) (title) Valuation of decedent's property and transfers.
- 10 Section 75. 861.05 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:
  - 861.05 (2m) Valuation of surviving spouse's property and transfers. The surviving spouse's property included in the augmented deferred marital property estate under s. 861.04 is valued in the same manner as the decedent spouse's property included in the augmented deferred marital property estate is valued under sub. (2), subject to the following:
  - (a) The surviving spouse shall be treated as having died after the decedent on the date of the decedent's death.
  - (b) Life insurance on the surviving spouse's life shall be valued as though the surviving spouse were living and the rule of s. 766.61 (7) applied.
    - \*\*\*\*NOTE: Paragraph (b) appears to give the life insurance the value of the decedent's (decedent under both this section and s. 766.61 (7)) marital property interest in the insurance under s. 766.61 (7). Is this what you want? If so, it might be better to

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simply state that directly. (It just sounds funny to say that the surviving spouse will be treated as if he or she were living.)

	1	SECTION 76. 861.06 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
	2	861.06 (title) Satisfaction of deferred marital property elective share
	3	amount.
10	4	SECTION 77. 861.06 (2) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
0	5	861.06 (2) (title) Initial satisfaction of deferred marital property elective
pusex 19	6	SHARE AMOUNT.
3	7	SECTION 78. 861.07 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
d	8	861.07 (2) Persons liable. (intro.) The following persons are liable to make
	9	a prorated contribution toward satisfaction of the surviving spouse's deferred
	10	marital property elective share amount:
	11	SECTION 79. 861.10 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
	12	861.10 (1) RIGHT TO ELECT MAY BE WAIVED. The right to elect a deferred marital
	13	property elective share amount may be waived by the surviving spouse in whole or
	14	in part. The waiver may take place before or after marriage. The waiver shall may
	15	be contained in a marital property agreement that is enforceable under s. 766.58 or
	16	in a signed document filed with a court described in s. 861.08 (1) (a) after the
	17	decedent's death.
		$^{****}\mbox{Note}.$ Is the "shall" to "may" change above correct? If not, "shall" should be changed to "must."
	18	SECTION 80. 861.10(2) of the statutes is amended to read:
	19	861.10 (2) WAIVER OF "ALL RIGHTS"." Unless the waiver provides otherwise, a

waiver of "all rights"," or equivalent language, in the property or estate of a present

or prospective spouse, or in a complete property settlement entered into because of

SECTION 80

separation or divorce, is a waiver of all rights in the deferred marital property elective share <u>amount</u>.

**SECTION 81.** 861.11 (2) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

861.11 (2) (a) (intro.) Upon a beneficiary's request for payment, a payer or other 3rd party who has received satisfactory proof of the decedent's death and who has not received written notice that the surviving spouse or his or her representative intends to file a petition for the deferred marital property elective share amount or that a petition for the election has been filed is not liable for any of the following:

**SECTION 82.** 861.11 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

861.11 (2) (b) A payer or other 3rd party is liable for payments made or other actions taken after receipt of written notice of the intent to file a petition for the elective share <u>amount</u> or written notice that a petition for the elective share <u>amount</u> has been filed.

**SECTION 83.** 861.11 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

861.11 (5) (b) Notwithstanding sub. (2), in addition to the protections afforded a financial institution under ss. 701.19 (11) and 710.05 and chs. 112 and 705 a financial institution is not liable for having transferred an account included in the augmented deferred marital property estate under s. 861.03 to a beneficiary designated in a governing instrument, or for having taken any other action in reliance on the beneficiary's apparent entitlement under the terms of a governing instrument, regardless of whether the financial institution received written notice of an intent to file, or the filing of, a petition for the deferred marital property elective share amount.

SECTION 84. 861.17 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

861.17 (3) If the spouse is successful in an action to reach fraudulent property
arrangements, recovery is limited to the share amount the spouse would receive
under ch. 852 and this chapter. Other rules of this chapter apply so far as possible.
Recovery forfeits any power of appointment which the surviving spouse possesses
over the remaining portion of the fraudulently arranged property, except a special
power.

SECTION 85. 861.21 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

861.21 (1) (a) "Governing instrument" has the meaning given in s. 854.01 (1).

SECTION 86. 861.35 (1m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

861.35 (1m) (intro.) If the decedent is survived by a spouse or by children, the court may, subject to sub. (1r), order an allowance for the support and education of each dependent child and for the support of the spouse. This allowance may be made whether the estate is testate or intestate. If the decedent is not survived by a spouse, the court also may, subject to sub. (1r), allot directly to any of the dependent children household furniture, furnishings, and appliances. No allowance may be made under this section if any of the following apply applies:

SECTION 87. 861.35 (1m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

861.35 (1m) (a) The decedent has amply provided for each <u>dependent</u> child and for the spouse by the terms of his or her will and the estate is sufficient to carry out the terms after payment of all debts and expenses <u>transfer</u> of probate or nonprobate <u>assets</u>, or support and education have been provided for by any other means.

**Section 88.** 861.35 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

861.35 (1m) (b) In the case of dependent children, if the surviving spouse is legally responsible for support and education and has ample means to provide them in addition to his or her own support.

1	SECTION 89.	861.35	(1m) (c)	of the	statutes	is amend	ded to	read:
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861.35 (1m) (c) In the case of the surviving spouse, if he or she has ample means to provide for his or her support.

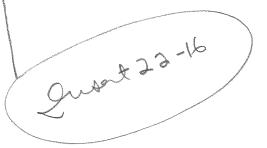
# **Section 90.** 861.35 (1r) of the statutes is created to read:

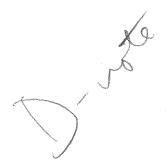
861.35 (1r) The court may order an allowance under sub. (1m) for an adult child of the decedent who was being supported by the decedent at the time of the decedent's death only if the court finds, under the facts and circumstances, that the decedent intended to continue support of the adult child after the decedent's death. Extrinsic evidence may be used to determine that intent, but a decedent's signed statement of intent that support not be awarded to an adult child is binding on the court.

# **SECTION 91.** 865.07 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

865.07 (1) (d) The decedent died intestate or testate, and, if testate, whether the original will is in the possession of the court or accompanies the application and, contains an attestation clause showing compliance with the requirements of execution under s. 853.03 or 853.05 or includes an affidavit in substantially the form under s. 853.04 (1) or (2), and does not expressly prohibit informal administration;

17 (END)





#### 2001–2002 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

#### INSERT 2-5

SECTION 1. 40.02 (8) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

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40.02 (8) (a) 2. In the absence of a written designation of beneficiary, or if all beneficiaries so designated die before filing with the department an application for any death benefit payable, the person determined in the following sequence: group 1, widow or widower; group 2, children if at least one child survives the participant, employee or annuitant, in which event the share of any deceased child shall be payable to the surviving spouse of the child or to the surviving children of the child if there is no spouse, or otherwise to the other eligible children in this group; group 3, grandchild; group 4, parent; group 5, brother and sister issue, as defined in s. 851.13, per stirpes, as described in s. 854.04 (1). No payment may be made to a person included in any group 2 if there is a living person in any preceding group 1.

History: 1981 c. 96, 187, 250, 274, 386; 1983 a. 9, 27; 1983 a. 81 s. 11; 1983 a. 83 s. 20; 1983 a. 106, 140; 1983 a. 141 ss. 1 to 3, 20; 1983 a. 191 ss. 1, 6; 1983 a. 192 s. 304; 1983 a. 255 s. 6; 1983 a. 275, 290, 368; 1983 a. 435 s. 7; 1985 a. 29, 225; 1985 a. 332 ss. 52, 251 (1); 1987 a. 27, 62, 83, 107, 309, 340, 356, 363, 372, 399; 1987 a. 403 ss. 43 to 45, 256; 1989 a. 13, 14, 31; 1989 a. 56 s. 259; 1989 a. 166, 182, 189, 218, 230, 240, 323, 327, 336, 355, 357, 359; 1991 a. 32, 39, 113, 152, 229, 269, 315; 1993 a. 16, 263, 383, 490, 491; 1995 a. 27, ss. 1946 to 1953, 9130 (4); 1995 a. 81, 88, 89, 216, 240, 302, 381, 417; 1997 a. 3, 27, 39, 69, 110, 162, 237, 238; 1999 a. 9, 11, 42, 63, 65, 83.

#### INSERT 3-9

SECTION 2. 701.19 (10) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

701.19 (10) RESTRICTION ON EXERCISE OF POWERS. (a) Except as provided in pars.

(c) and (d), a person may not exercise any of the following powers conferred upon the person in his or her capacity as trustee:

1. The power to make discretionary distributions of trust principal or income if the distributions are to himself or herself or for the discharge of his or her legal obligations.

2. The power to make discretionary allocations of receipts or expenses as between principal and income if ten allocations are in his or her favor.

1	(b) If a power under par. (a) is conferred upon more than one person as trustee,
2	a person who is not disqualified to act under par. (a) may exercise the power for the
3	benefit of the person who is disqualified to act, unless the creating instrument
4	expressly provides otherwise. A special trustee appointed by a court may exercise
5	a power under par. (a) for the benefit of the person if there is no other trustee qualified
6	to exercise the power.
7	(c) Paragraph (a) does not apply if the person is also the settlor of the trust, and
8	the trust may be revoked or amended by the settlor.
9	(d) Paragraph (a) does not apply with respect to a power under par. (a) $1. \text{ or } 2.$
10	if any of the following applies:
11	1. The terms of the creating instrument specifically limit the scope of the power
12	to expenditures and distributions of income or principal on the basis of an
13	ascertainable standard relating to the person's health, maintenance, support, or
14	education such that the person would not be subject to tax under section 2041 or 2514
15	of the Internal Revenue Code as a result of the distribution or allocation.
16	2. The person is the spouse, widow, or widower of the settlor of the trust, and
17	a marital deduction has been allowed for federal gift or estate tax purposes with
18	respect to the trust property that is subject to the distribution or allocation.
19	3. The creating instrument negates the application of par. (a) with respect to
20	the power.
21	<b>SECTION 3.</b> 701.24 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	701.24 (title) Applicability of ss. 701.01 to 701.23.
23	History: 1971 c. 66; 1977 c. 309.  SECTION 4. 701.24 of the statutes is renumbered 701.24 (1) and amended to

read:

701.24 (1) Except as otherwise provided in <u>sub. (2) and</u> s. 701.19 (9) (a) and (10), ss. 701.01 to 701.23 are applicable to a trust existing on July 1, 1971, as well as a trust created after such date, and shall govern trustees acting under such trusts. If application of any provision of ss. 701.01 to 701.23 to a trust in existence on August 1, 1971, is unconstitutional, it shall not affect application of the provision to a trust created after that date.

7 History: 1971 c. 66; 1977 c. 309. SECTION 5. 701.24 (2) of the statutes is created to read:

701.24 (2) Section 701.19 (10) is applicable to a trust existing on the effective date of this subsection .... [revisor inserts date], as well as a trust created after that date, and shall govern trustees acting under such trusts. If application of any provision of s. 701.19 (10) to a trust in existence on the effective date of this subsection .... [revisor inserts date], is unconstitutional, it shall not affect application of the provision to a trust created after that date.

\*\*\*\*Note: Do you want the change to s. 701.19 (10) to apply to a trust existing on the effective date?

#### (END OF INSERT 3-9)

#### INSERT 6-91

SECTION 6. 766.61 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

766.61 (7) If Except as provided in s. 854.14 (3m) (b) 2. if a noninsured spouse predeceases an insured spouse, the marital property interest of the decedent spouse in a policy which designates the surviving spouse as the owner and insured is limited to a dollar amount equal to one—half of the marital property interest in the interpolated terminal reserve and in the unused portion of the term premium of the policy on the date of death of the deceased spouse. All other rights of the decedent spouse in the ownership interest or proceeds of the policy, other than the marital

property interest described in this subsection, terminate at the decedent spouse's death.

3 History: 1983 a. 186; 1985 a. 37; 1987 a. 393; 1991 a. 301; 1997 a. 188. SECTION 7. 766.62 (5) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

766.62 (5) (intro.) If Except as provided in s. 854.14 (3m) (c), if the nonemployee spouse predeceases the employee spouse, the marital property interest of the nonemployee spouse in all of the following terminates at the death of the nonemployee spouse:

History: 1983 a. 186; 1985 a. 37 ss. 128, 187; 1987 a. 393; 1991 a. 301; 1993 a. 160.
(END OF INSERT 6-9)

#### INSERT 7-13

SECTION 8. 852.12 of the statutes is amended to read:

852.12 Debts to decedent. If an heir owes a debt to the decedent, the treatment of that debt shall be charged against the intestate share of the debtor, regardless of whether the debt has been discharged in bankruptcy. If the debtor fails to survive the decedent, the debt shall not be taken into account in computing the intestate shares of the debtor's issue is governed by s. 854.12.

History: 1997 a. 188.

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#### (END OF INSERT 7-13)

#### INSERT 8-5

SECTION 9. 853.11 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 853.12, and 853.12 (1), (2)

(intro.), (b) and (c), (3) (intro.) and (4) (intro.) and (b), as renumbered, are amended to read:

853.12 (1) Entitlement of surviving spouse. Subject to par. (c) sub. (3), if the testator married the surviving spouse after the testator executed his or her will, the surviving spouse is entitled to a share of the probate estate.

1	(2) VALUE OF SHARE. (intro.) The value of the share under $\frac{\text{par.}(a)}{\text{sub.}(1)}$ is the
2	value of the share that the surviving spouse would have received had the testator
3	died with an intestate estate equal to the value of the net estate of the decedent
4	testator less the value of all of the following:
<b>(5</b> )	(b) All devises to or for the benefit of the issue of a child described in subd. 1:
$\widetilde{6}$	par. (a).
7	(c) All devises that pass under s. 854.06, 854.07, 854.21, or 854.22 to or for the
8	benefit of children described in subd. 1. par. (a) or issue of those children.
9	(3) EXCEPTIONS. (intro.) Paragraph (a) Subsection (1) does not apply if any of
10	the following applies:
11	History: 1981 c. 228; 1983 a. 186; 1987 a. 222; 1993 a. 486; 1997 a. 188.  (4) PRIORITY AND ABATEMENT. (intro.) In satisfying the share provided by this
12	subsection section:
13	History: 1981 c. 228; 1983 a. 186; 1987 a. 222; 1993 a. 486; 1997 a. 188.  (b) Devises other than those described in par. (b) 1. to 3. sub. (2) (a) to (c) abate
14	as provided under s. 854.18.
	History: 1981 c. 228; 1983 a. 186; 1987 a. 222; 1993 a. 486; 1997 a. 188.  ****NOTE: I did not create a cross—reference in s. 853.11 to new s. 853.12. It really should not be necessary to point a reader to the next consecutive section, especially if that section deals with a different issue, which is the reason s. 853.12 was carved out of s. 853.11.
15	SECTION 10. 853.11 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	853.11 (3) FORMER SPOUSE REVOCATION BY DIVORCE. The effect of a $\underline{A}$ transfer
17	under a will to a former spouse is governed by s. 854.15.
	History: 1981 c. 228; 1983 a. 186; 1987 a. 222; 1993 a. 486; 1997 a. 188.  ****NOTE: I did not move s. 853.11 (3) to new s. 853.12. This subsection appears legitimately to belong with the revocation provisions, in the same way that subsection (3m) does.

(END OF INSERT 8-5)

SECTION 11. 854.05 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

854.05 (5) CONTRARY INTENT. This section does not apply to the extent that a governing instrument, either expressly or as construed from extrinsic evidence, provides otherwise if there is a finding of contrary intent of the person who executed the governing instrument. Extrinsic evidence may be used to construe that intent.

A general directive to pay debts does not give rise to a presumption of exoneration.

History: 1997 a. 188.

#### (END OF INSERT 11-1)

#### INSERT 11-21

SECTION 12. 854.12 of the statutes is created to read:

854.12 Debt to transferor. (1) If an heir owes a debt to the decedent, the amount of the indebtedness if due, or the present worth of the indebtedness if not due, shall be charged against the intestate share of the debtor, regardless of whether the debt has been discharged in bankruptcy. If the debtor fails to survive the decedent, the debt shall not be taken into account in computing the intestate shares of the debtor's issue.

- (2) (a) Subject to par. (c), if a transferee under a governing instrument survives the transferor and is indebted to the transferor, the amount of the indebtedness if due, or the present worth of the indebtedness if not due, shall be treated as an offset against property to which the transferee is entitled.
- (b) Subject to par. (c), in contesting an offset under par. (a), the transferee shall have the benefit of any defense that would be available to the transferee in a direct proceeding by the personal representative for the recovery of the debt, except that the transferee may not defend on the basis that the debt was discharged in

bankruptcy unless that discharge occurred before the execution of the governing instrument.

(c) Paragraph (a) or (b) does not apply if there is a finding of contrary intent of the person who executed the governing instrument. Extrinsic evidence may be used to construe that intent.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: I did not make par. (b) or (c) above apply to par. (a), because both pars. (b) and (c) concern the governing instrument.

#### (END OF INSERT 11-21)

#### INSERT 12-6

SECTION 13. 854.13 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

otherwise provided otherwise in a governing instrument, either expressly or as construed from extrinsic evidence, the disclaimed property devolves as if the disclaimant had died before the decedent or before the effective date of the transfer under the governing instrument. If the disclaimant is an appointee under a power exercised by a governing instrument, the disclaimed property devolves as if the disclaimant had died before the effective date of the exercise of the power. If the disclaimant is a taker in default under a power created by a governing instrument, the disclaimed property devolves as if the disclaimant had predeceased the donee of the power. This paragraph is subject to subs. (8), (9), and (10).

History: 1977 c. 309; 1983 a. 189 s. 329 (26); 1991 a. 39, 3011, 1995 a. 360; 1997 a. 188 ss. 22 to 59, 175; Stats. 1997 s. 854.13.

SECTION 14. 854.13 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

854.13 (8) DEVOLUTION OF DISCLAIMED INTEREST IN JOINT TENANCY. A Unless the decedent provided otherwise in a governing instrument, either expressly or as construed from extrinsic evidence, a disclaimed interest in a joint tenancy passes to the decedent's probate estate.

	$\mathcal{J}$
1	SECTION 15. 854.13 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	854.13 (9) DEVOLUTION OF DISCLAIMED INTEREST IN SURVIVORSHIP MARITAL
$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \end{pmatrix}$	PROPERTY. Unless the decedent provided otherwise in a governing instrument,
4	either expressly or as construed from extrinsic evidence, a disclaimed interest in
5	survivorship marital property passes to the decedent's probate estate.
6	History: 1977 c. 309; 1983 a. 189 s. 329 (26); 1991 a. 39, 301; 1995 a. 360; 1997 a. 188 ss. 22 to 59, 175; Stats. 1997 s. 854.13.  SECTION 16. 854.13 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	854.13 (10) DEVOLUTION OF DISCLAIMED FUTURE INTEREST. Unless the instrument
8	creating the future interest manifests a contrary intent transferor of the future
9	interest or donee of the power under which the future interest was created provided
10	otherwise in a governing instrument, either expressly or as construed from extrinsic
11	evidence, a future interest limited to take effect in possession or enjoyment after the
12	termination of the interest which that is disclaimed takes effect as if the disclaimant
13	had died before the effective date of the governing instrument or, if the disclaimant
14	is an appointee under a power exercised by a governing instrument, as if the
15	disclaimant had died before the effective date of the exercise of the power.
	History: 1977 c. 309; 1983 a. 189 s. 329 (26); 1991 a. 39, 301; 1995 a. 360; 1997 a. 188 ss. 22 to 59, 175; Stats. 1997 s. 854.13.  (END OF INSERT 12–6)
	Insert 12-7
16	SECTION 17. 854.14 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:
17	854.14 (3m) Effect if death caused by spouse. (a) Definitions. In this
18	subsection:
19	1. "Owner" means a person appearing on the records of the policy issuer as the
20	person having the ownership interest, or means the insured if no person other than

the insured appears on those records as a person having that interest. In the case

of group insurance, the term means the holder of each individual certificate of

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- coverage under the group plan and does not include the person who contracted with the policy issuer on behalf of the group, regardless of whether that person is listed as the owner on the contract.
  - 2. "Ownership interest" means the rights of an owner under a policy.
- 3. "Policy" means an insurance policy insuring the life of a spouse and providing for payment of death benefits at the spouse's death.
- 4. "Proceeds" means the death benefit from a policy and all other economic benefits from it, whether they accrue or become payable as a result of the death of an insured person or upon the occurrence or nonoccurrence of another event.
- an insured person or upon the occurrence or nonoccurrence of another event.

  (b) Life insurance. 1. It a noninsured spouse unlawfully and intentionally kills an insured spouse, the surviving spouse's ownership interest in a policy that designates the decedent spouse as the owner and insured, or in the proceeds of such a policy, is limited to a dollar amount equal to one—half of the marital property interest in the interpolated terminal reserve and in the unused portion of the term premium of the policy on the date of death of the decedent spouse. All other rights of the surviving spouse in the ownership interest or proceeds of the policy, other than the marital property interest described in this subsection, terminate at the decedent spouse's death.

  2. Notwithstanding s. 766.61 (7) if an insured spouse unlawfully and
- 2. Notwithstanding s. 766.61 (7) if an insured spouse unlawfully and intentionally kills a noninsured spouse, the ownership interest at death of the decedent spouse in any policy with a marital property component that designates the surviving spouse as the owner and insured is equal to one—half of the portion of the policy that was marital property immediately before the death of the decedent spouse.

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and except as provided in

(c) Deferred employment benefits. Notwithstanding s. 766.62 (5) if the employee spouse unlawfully and intentionally kills the nonemployee spouse, the ownership interest at death of the decedent spouse in any deferred employment benefit, or in assets in an individual retirement account that are traceable to the rollover of a deferred employment benefit plan, that has a marital property component and that is attributable to the employment of the surviving spouse is equal to one—half of the portion of the benefit or assets that was marital property immediately before the death of the decedent spouse.

\*\*\*\*Note: I included assets in an IRA that are traceable to the rollover of a deferred employment benefit plan. Okay?

#### (END OF INSERT 12-7)

Insert 12-7A is the last page of these inserts
INSERT 14-16

SECTION 18. 854.21 (1) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

854.21 (1) (a) (intro.) Except as provided in par. (b) or sub. (7), a gift of property by a governing instrument to a class of persons described as issue, lawful issue, children, grandchildren, descendants, heirs, heirs of the body, next of kin, distributees, or the like includes a person adopted by a person whose birth child would be a member of the class, and issue of the adopted person, if the conditions for membership in the class are otherwise satisfied and any of the following applies:

History: 1997 a. 188. SECTION 19. 854.21 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

854.21 (1) (b) Except as provided in sub. (7), a gift under par. (a) of property by a governing instrument to a class of persons described as issue, lawful issue, children, grandchildren, descendants, heirs, heirs of the body, next of kin, distributees, or the like excludes a birth child and his or her issue otherwise within

the class if the birth child has been adopted and would cease to be <u>treated as</u> a child of the birth parent under s. 854.20 (2).

History: 1997 a. 188.

17

#### (END OF INSERT 14-16)

#### INSERT 18-1

SECTION 20. 861.02 (8) of the statutes is renumbered 854.14 (3m) (d) and 3 amended to read: 4 254.14 (3m) (d) Special provision if surviving spouse caused death of decedent Deferred marital property. If the surviving spouse unlawfully and intentionally kills 5 (6. the decedent, as determined under s. 854.14 (5) spouse, the estate of the decedent 7 shall have the right to elect no more than 50% of the augmented deferred marital 8 property estate as determined under sub. (2) s. 861.02 (2), as though the decedent 9 spouse were the survivor and the surviving spouse were the decedent. The court 10 shall construe the provisions of ss. 861.03 to 861.11 as necessary to achieve the intent 11 of this paragraph. 12 History: 1983 a. 186; 1985 a. 37 ss. 144, 145; Stats. 1985 s. 861.02/1987 a. 393; 1991 a. 224, 301, 315; 1993 a. 213; 1997 a. 188. **SECTION 21.** 861.02 (8m) of the statutes is created to read: 13 861.02 (8m) Effect if Death Caused by Spouse. Section 854.14 (3m) (d) applies 14 to election of deferred marital property if the decedent's surviving spouse unlawfully 15 and intentionally killed the decedent. 16

#### (END OF INSERT 18-1)

#### INSERT 19-6

SECTION 22. 861.06 (2) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	861.06 (2) (b) (intro.) All marital, individual, deferred marital, or deferred
2	individual property, transferred to the surviving spouse, including any beneficial
3	interest in property transferred in trust:
4	History: 1997 a. 188. SECTION 23. 861.06 (2) (b) 4. a. of the statutes is amended to read:
5	861.06 (2) (b) 4. a. The first \$5,000 of the value of the gifts from the decedent
6	to the surviving spouse each year. Each gift shall be valued as of the date of the gift.
	History: 1997 a. 188. (END OF INSERT 19-6)
	Insert 21–8
7	SECTION 24. 861.31 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	861.31 (4) (a) Any entitlement of the surviving spouse under s. 853.11 (2)
9	<u>853.12</u> .
	History: 1971 c. 40; 1991 a. 301; 1997 a. 188. (END OF INSERT 21–8)
	INSERT 22-10
10	SECTION 25. 861.35 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	861.35 (4) (a) Any entitlement of the surviving spouse under s. 853.11 (2)
12	853.12. V
13	History: 1971 c. 213 s. 5; 1983 a. 186; 1991 a. 301; 1997 (188.  SECTION 26. 863.15 of the statutes is amended to read:
14	863.15 Right of retention Debts to estate. When If a distributee of an estate
15	is indebted to the estate, the amount of the indebtedness if due, or the present worth
16	of the indebtedness, if not due, shall be treated as an offset by the personal
17	representative against property of the estate to which the distributee is entitled. In
18	contesting the offset the distributee shall have the benefit of any defense which

would be available to the distributee in a direct proceeding by the personal representative for the recovery treatment of the debt is governed by s. 854.12.

History: 1993 a. 486.

#### (END OF INSERT 22-10)

#### **INSERT 22-16**

3 Section 27. Initial applicability.

4 (1) The treatment of section 40.02 (8) (a) 2. of the statutes first applies to deaths

occurring on the first day of the tenth month beginning after the effective date of this

6 subsection.

5

(END OF INSERT 22-16)

### 2001–2002 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

#### INSERT 12-7A

1	SECTION 1. 854.14 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	854.14 (5) (a) A final judgment establishing criminal accountability for the
3	unlawful and intentional killing of the decedent conclusively establishes the
4	convicted individual as the decedent's killer for purposes of this section and s. 861.02
5	<del>(8)</del> .
6	History: 1997 a. 188. SECTION 2. 854.14 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	854.14 (5) (b) A final adjudication of delinquency on the basis of an unlawful
8	and intentional killing of the decedent conclusively establishes the adjudicated
9	individual as the decedent's killer for purposes of this section and s. $861.02$ (8).
LO	History: 1997 a. 188. SECTION 3. 854.14 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	854.14 (5) (c) In the absence of a judgment establishing criminal accountability
12	or an adjudication of delinquency, the court, upon the petition of an interested
13	person, shall determine whether, under the preponderance of evidence standard, the
14	killing was unlawful and intentional for purposes of this section and s. 861.02 (8).
	History: 1997 a. 188.